HIGH TECK 7332 MEDIUM UNIVERSAL ACTIVATOR

Safety Data Sheet NO7332-US

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 08/10/2015 Revision date: 01/06/2020 Supersedes: 07/03/2019 Version: 3.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : HIGH TECK 7332 MEDIUM UNIVERSAL ACTIVATOR

Product code : NO7332-16, NO7332-4

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Hardener

1.3. Supplier

HIGH TECK PRODUCTS
PO BOX 24631
WEST PALM BEACH
33416 - USA
T 877-900-8325
info@highteckproducts.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 3	Flammable liquid and vapor
Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4	Harmful if inhaled
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2	Causes serious eye irritation
Skin sensitization, Category 1	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Carcinogenicity Category 2	Suspected of causing cancer
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	May cause respiratory irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Aspiration hazard Category 1	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Flammable liquid and vapor
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Causes skin irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Causes serious eye irritation
Harmful if inhaled
May cause respiratory irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Suspected of causing cancer
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Do not breathe vapors, fume, spray.
Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.
If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
In case of fire: Use foam, extinguishing powder, dry sand to extinguish.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	(CAS-No.) 28182-81-2	23-43	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
n-butyl acetate	(CAS-No.) 123-86-4	5-23	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
xylene	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	5 – 23	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
ethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 100-41-4	5 – 23	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	(CAS-No.) 64742-95-6	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Risk of lung edema.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Water.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapor.

Reactivity : Flammable liquid and vapor.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Gloves.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released product. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Storage temperature : < 25 °C

Storage area : Store in well ventilated area.
Special rules on packaging : Keep only in original container.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
ACGIH	Local name	n-Butyl acetate
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2019
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	710 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	150 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
ACGIH	Local name	Ethylbenzene
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; kidney dam (nephropathy); cochlear impair. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2019
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (28182-81-2)
Not applicable

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)
Not applicable

xylene (1330-20-7)		
ACGIH	Local name	Xylene, mixed isomers (Dimethylbenzene)
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2019
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Gas mask. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses.

Materials for protective clothing:

Impermeable clothing

Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Air-fed respiratory protective equipment should be worn when this product is sprayed. Wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Liquid.
	:	Colorless
	:	aromatic
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	Not applicable
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	> 35 °C
Flash point	:	30 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Specific gravity / density	:	≈ 0.99 (0.98 – 1) g/cm³
Solubility	:	insoluble in water. soluble in most organic solvents.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	≈ 17 mm²/s (12s DIN4 @ 20°C)
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

As Packaged Regulatory VOC	:	624 g/l (5.21 lb/gal)
As Packaged Actual VOC	:	624 g/l (5.21 lb/gal)
Water Content		0 wt%
Exempt Compounds by volume	:	0 vol %
Exempt Compounds by weight	:	0 wt%
Volatiles	:	63.6 wt%

% HAPS	:	23.2 wt%
Percent Solids	:	36.45 wt%
Percent Solids	:	32.55 vol %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Flammable liquid and vapor.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	:	Harmful if inhaled.

ATE US (vapors)	19.17 mg/l/4h

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	10760 – 12789 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	14112 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	390 ppm/4h
ATE US (oral)	10760 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	14112 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	390 ppmV/4h

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	15432 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	17.8 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))
ATE US (oral)	3500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	15432 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	17.8 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	17.8 mg/l/4h

hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (28182-81-2)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2500 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 423, rat, female)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402, rat, male/female)
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.39 mg/l/4h

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
LD50 oral rat	3592 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401, rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)
ATE US (oral)	3592 mg/kg body weight

xylene (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.1: Acute Toxicity (Oral), Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	12126 mg/kg (Non-GLP, read-across from supporting substance, single dermal dose under occlusion followed by observation for 14 days)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	6700 ppm/4h (EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), 4h, rat, male)
ATE US (oral)	3523 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	6700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

xylene (1330-20-7)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (28182-81-2)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

xylene (1330-20-7)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

xylene (1330-20-7)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Viscosity, kinematic : ≈ 17 mm²/s (12s DIN4 @ 20°C)

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Risk of lung edema.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LC50 fish 1	18 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	44 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia sp., Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
LC50 fish 2	62 mg/l (Leuciscus idus, static system)
NOEC chronic crustacea	23 mg/l

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LC50 fish 1	4.2 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	2.1 (1.8 – 2.4) mg/l (US EPA, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)

xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 fish 1	2.6 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static renewal, Fresh water, Read-across, Lethal)
ErC50 (algae)	4.36 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 73 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
ThOD	2.21 g O_2/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.46

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	3.17 g O_2/g substance

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
Persistence and degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

xylene (1330-20-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
BCF fish 1	15.3 (Calculated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
BCF fish 1	1 – 2.4 (Other, 6 week(s), Oncorhynchus kisutch, Flow-through system, Salt water, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.6 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.1 – 6
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

xylene (1330-20-7)	
BCF fish 1	7.2 – 25.9 (56 day(s), Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Read-across)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.2 (Read-across, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

12.4. Mobility in soil

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Surface tension	0.0163 N/m (20 °C)

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Koc)	1.268 – 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Surface tension	0.071 N/m (23 °C, 0.0582 g/l, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Koc)	2.71 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. Toxic to soil organisms.

xylene (1330-20-7)	
Surface tension	28.01 – 29.76 mN/m (25 °C)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Koc)	2.73 (log Koc, Equivalent or similar to OECD 121, Read-across)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Additional information : Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1263 Paint related material, 3, III

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1263

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Paint related material

Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 173

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	:	367 - For the purposes of documentation and package marking: a. The proper shipping name “Paint related material” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Paint” and “Paint related material” in the same package; b. The proper shipping name “Paint related material, corrosive, flammable” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Paint, corrosive, flammable” and “Paint related material, corrosive, flammable” in the same package; c. The proper shipping name “Paint related material, flammable, corrosive” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Paint, flammable, corrosive” and “Paint related material, flammable, corrosive” in the same package; and d. The proper shipping name “Printing ink related material” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Printing ink” and “Printing ink related material” in the same package. B1 - If the material has a flash point at or above 38 C (100 F) and below 93 C (200 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 C (100 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.242 of this subchapter are applicable. B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks. B131 - When transported by highway, rail, or cargo vessel, waste Paint and Paint related material (UN1263; PG II and PG III), when in plastic or metal inner packagings of not more than 26.5 L (7 gallons), are excepted from the marking requirements in §172.301(a) and (c) and the labeling requirements in §172.400(a), when further packed in the following specification and non-specification bulk outer packagings and under the following conditions: a. Primary receptacles must conform to the general packaging requirements of subpart B of part 173 of this subchapter and may not leak. If they do leak, they must be overpacked in packagings conforming to the specification requirements of part 178 of this subchapter or in salvage packagings conforming to the requirements in §173.12 of this subchapter. b. Primary receptacles must be further packed in non-specification bulk outer packagings such as cubic yard boxes, plastic rigid-wall bulk containers, dump trailers, and roll-off containers. Bulk outer packagings must be liquid tight through design or by the use of lining materials. c. Primary receptacles may also be further packed in specification bulk outer packagings. Authorized specification bulk outer packagings are UN11G fiberboard intermediate bulk containers (IBC) and UN13H4 woven plastic, coated and with liner flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs) meeting the Packing Group II performance level and lined with a plastic liner of at least 6 mil thickness. d. All inner packagings placed inside bulk outer packagings must be blocked and braced to prevent movement during transportation that could cause the container to open or fall over. Specification IBCs and FIBCs are to be secured to a pallet. IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672). T2 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP29 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150.0 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 1.5 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous materials, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	150
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	60 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	220 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	A - The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	:	128
Other information	:	No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Transport document description	:	UN1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (flammable), 3, III
UN-No. (TDG)	:	UN1263

Proper Shipping Name (Transportation of Dangerous Goods)	:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
TDG Primary Hazard Classes	:	3 - Class 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group	:	III - Minor Danger
TDG Special Provisions	:	59 - Substances that are listed by name in Schedule 1 must not be transported under this shipping name. Substances transported under this shipping name may contain not more than 20 per cent nitrocellulose if the nitrocellulose contains not more than 12.6 per cent nitrogen (by dry mass),142 - The following shipping names may be used to meet the requirements of Part 3 (Documentation) and Part 4 (Dangerous Goods Safety Marks) when these dangerous goods are offered for transport in the same means of containment: (a)“PAINT RELATED MATERIAL” may be used for a means of containment containing both paint and paint related material; (b)“PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE” may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, corrosive, flammable, and paint related material, corrosive, flammable; (c)“PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE” may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, flammable, corrosive, and paint related material, flammable, corrosive; and (d)“PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL” may be used for a means of containment containing both printing ink and printing ink related material. SOR/2014-306
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	:	5 L
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	:	60 L

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG)	:	UN 1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (flammable), 3, III
UN-No. (IMDG)	:	1263
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Class (IMDG)	:	3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG)	:	III - substances presenting low danger
Limited quantities (IMDG)	:	5 L

Air transport

Transport document description (IATA)	:	UN 1263 Paint (flammable), 3, III
UN-No. (IATA)	:	1263
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	:	Paint
Class (IATA)	:	3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA)	:	III - Minor Danger

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

ethylbenzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	5 – 23%
xylene, mixture of isomers	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	5 – 23%

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb

hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (28182-81-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

xylene (1330-20-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (28182-81-2)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

xylene (1330-20-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

15.3. US State regulations

⚠ **WARNING:** This product can expose you to ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

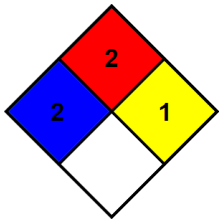
Component	Carcinogenicity	Developmental toxicity	Reproductive toxicity male	Reproductive toxicity female	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	X				54 µg/day (inhalation); 41 µg/day (oral)	

Component	State or local regulations
ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
xylene(1330-20-7)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
n-butyl acetate(123-86-4)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date	:	01/06/2020
NFPA health hazard	:	2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
NFPA fire hazard	:	2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.
NFPA reactivity	:	1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



SDS US GHS (GHS HazCom2012)

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.